UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

$\ oxtimes$ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2024

		or	
п ТБ	RANSITION REPORT PURSU	JANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECU	URITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	Fo	r the transition period from to	
		Commission File Number: 001-37899	
		SCWORX CORP. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its chart	er)
	Delaware		47-5412331
,	State or other jurisdiction of acorporation or organization)		(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
	(Ac	100 S Ashley Dr, Suite 100 Tampa, FL 33602 Idress of principal executive offices, including zip	code)
		(212) 739-7825 Registrant's telephone number, including area co	de)
		N/A	
	(Former name,	former address and former fiscal year, if changed	l since last report)
Securities registered pursu	ant to Section 12(b) of the Act		
Title of e	ach class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common stock, \$0.00	1 par value per share	WORX	Nasdaq Capital Market
		all reports required to be filed by section 13 or 15 for the past 90 days. Yes \boxtimes No \square	(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the past 12
		ed electronically every Interactive Data File require for such shorter period that the registrant was require	ed to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ ed to submit such files). Yes \boxtimes No \square
			ated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.
Large accelerated filer		Accelerated filer	
Non-accelerated filer	⊠	Smaller reporting company Emerging growth company	
	pany, indicate by check mark if the pursuant to Section 13(a) of the		nsition period for complying with any new or revised financial
Indicate by check mark when	ther the registrant is a shell comp	pany (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act)	Yes □ No ⊠
Number of shares of the regi	istrant's common stock outstand	ing at October 11, 2024: 1,599,367	

SCWorx Corp. Form 10-Q

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Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements that we make from time to time, including statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, and of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act. All statements other than statements of historical fact contained in this Form 10-Q are forward-looking statements. These statements, among other things, relate to our business strategy, goals and expectations concerning our future operations, prospects, plans and objectives of management. The words "anticipate", "believe", "continue", "could", "estimate", "expect", "intend", "may", "plan", "predict", "project", "will", and similar terms and phrases are used to identify forward-looking statements in this presentation.

Our operations involve risks and uncertainties, many of which are outside our control, and any one of which, or a combination of which, could materially affect our results of operations and whether the forward-looking statements ultimately prove to be correct. We have based these forward-looking statements largely on our current expectations and projections about future events and trends that we believe may affect our financial condition, results of operations, business strategy, short-term and long-term business operations and objectives, and financial needs. Forward-looking statements in this Form 10-Q include, without limitation, statements reflecting management's expectations for future financial performance and operating expenditures (including our ability to continue as a going concern, to raise additional capital and to succeed in our future operations), expected growth, profitability and business outlook and increased operating expenses.

Forward-looking statements are only current predictions and are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors that may cause our actual results, levels of activity, performance, or achievements to be materially different from those anticipated by such statements. These factors include, among other things, the unknown risks and uncertainties that we believe could cause actual results to differ from these forward looking statements as set forth under the heading, "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023. New risks and uncertainties emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for us to predict all of the risks and uncertainties that could have an impact on the forward-looking statements, including without limitation, risks and uncertainties relating to our ability to:

- reverse the recent decline in our revenue and resume growing our revenue;
- resolve the various litigation proceedings pending against us on favorable terms or at all;
- obtain additional financing in sufficient amounts or on acceptable terms so that we can fund our business plan;
- reduce our dependence on third-party subcontractors to perform some of the work on our contracts;
- mitigate the impact of new or changed laws, regulations or other industry standards that could adversely affect our ability to conduct our business;
- mitigate the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on our revenues;
- adopt and master new technologies and adjust certain fixed costs and expenses to adapt to our industry's and customers' evolving demands; and
- mitigate the impact of changes in general market, economic and political conditions in the United States and global economies or financial markets, including those resulting from natural or man-made disasters.

Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements contained in this Form 10-Q are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance, or achievements. In light of inherent risks, uncertainties and assumptions, the future events and trends discussed in this Form 10-Q may not occur and actual results could differ materially and adversely from those anticipated or implied in the forward-looking statements. Except as required by law, we are under no duty to update or revise any of such forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise, after the date of this Form 10-Q.

You should read this Form 10-Q with the understanding that our actual future results, levels of activity, performance and events and circumstances may be materially different from what we expect.

All references to "SCWorx," "we," "us," "our" or the "Company" mean SCWorx Corp., a Delaware corporation, and where appropriate, its wholly owned subsidiaries.

PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

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SCWorx Corp. Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

		June 30, 2024	De	ecember 31, 2023
		(unaudited)		(audited)
ASSETS Current assets:				
Cash	\$	17,264	\$	91,436
Accounts receivable, net	Ψ	571,981	Ψ	304,813
Prepaid expenses and other assets		82,758		39,533
Total current assets	_	672,003		435,782
Total culton asses	_	072,003		433,762
Goodwill		5,842,433		5,842,433
Total assets	Ф		Ф	
Total assets	\$	6,514,436	\$	6,278,215
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	1,913,805	\$	1,738,364
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities - related party	Ψ	149,838	Ψ	149,838
Shareholder advance		67,622		67,622
Deferred revenue		387,958		378,583
Loans payable		386,492		-
Total current liabilities		2,905,715		2,334,407
	_	2,5 00,7 10	_	2,55 1, 107
Long-term liabilities:				
Loans payable, net of current maturities		-		90,359
Total long-term liabilities		_		90,359
Ç.	_		_	,
Total liabilities		2,905,715		2,424,766
Total natifices	_	2,903,713	_	2,424,700
Commitments and contingencies (Note 6)				
Communicates and contingencies (Note o)				
Stockholders' equity:				
Series A convertible preferred stock, \$0.001 par value; 900,000 shares authorized; 39,810 shares issued and outstanding at June 30,				
2024 and December 31, 2023		40		40
Common stock, \$0.001 par value; 45,000,000 shares authorized; 1,366,211 and 1,232,333 shares issued and outstanding at June 30,				
2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively		1,366		1,232
Additional paid-in capital		33,963,128		33,692,018
Accumulated deficit		(30,355,813)		(29,839,841)
Total stockholders' equity		3,608,721		3,853,449
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	6,514,436	\$	6,278,215
	_			

SCWorx Corp. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited)

	For the three months ended June 30,				s ended			
		2024		2023		2024		2023
Revenue	\$	742,027	\$	991,099	\$	1,554,126	\$	1,988,548
Cost of revenue		495,701		616,030		1,099,166		1,305,492
Gross profit		246,326		375,069		454,960		683,056
Operating expenses:								
Legal and professional		324,409		112,837		483,554		400,471
Salaries and wages		55,622		83,429		123,995		169,535
Stock compensation		-		147,873		-		295,746
General and administrative		173,442		179,393		333,014		365,184
Total operating expenses	_	553,473		523,532		940,563		1,230,936
Loss from operations		(307,147)		(148,463)		(485,603)		(547,880)
Other income (expense)								
Interest expense		(30,166)		(5,459)		(30,369)		(5,932)
Total other income (expense)		(30,166)		(5,459)		(30,369)		(5,932)
Net loss before income taxes		(337,313)		(153,922)		(515,972)	_	(553,812)
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes		<u> </u>	_				_	
Net loss	\$	(337,313)	\$	(153,922)	\$	(515,972)	\$	(553,812)
Net loss per share, basic and diluted	\$	(0.26)	\$	(0.17)	\$	(0.41)	\$	(0.62)
Weighted average common shares outstanding, basic and diluted		1,298,520		921,168		1,269,576		894,702

SCWorx Corp. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (Unaudited)

	Preferr	ed Stoc	k	Common stock			Additional paid-in	Subscriptions	Accumulated	Total	
Three months ended June 30, 2024	Shares	\$		Shares \$		capital	payable	deficit			
Balances, March 31, 2024	39,810	\$	40	1,255,405	\$	1,255	\$33,721,480	\$ -	\$ (30,018,500)	\$ 3,704,275	
Shares issued as settlement of accounts payable	-		-	73,306		73	154,085	-	-	154,158	
Shares issued for legal settlement	-		-	37,500		38	87,563	-	-	87,601	
Net loss									(337,313)	(337,313)	
Ending balance, June 30, 2024	39,810	\$	40	1,366,211	\$	1,366	\$33,963,128	\$ -	\$ (30,355,813)	\$ 3,608,721	
Six months ended June 30, 2024	Preferro Shares	ed Stoc	k	Commo	on st	tock \$	Additional paid-in capital	Subscriptions payable	Accumulated deficit	Total	
Balances, December 31, 2023	39,810	\$	40	1,232,333	\$	1,232	\$33,692,018	\$ -	\$ (29,839,841)	\$ 3,853,449	
Shares issued as settlement of accounts payable	_		-	94,711		94	183,550	-	-	183,644	
Shares issued for legal settlement	-		-	37,500		38	87,562	-	-	87,600	
Shares issued for vested restricted stock units	-		-	1,667		2	(2)	-	-	-	
Net loss									(515,972)	(515,972)	
Ending balance, June 30, 2024	39,810	\$	40	1,366,211	\$	1,366	\$33,963,128	\$ -	\$ (30,355,813)	\$ 3,608,721	

SCWorx Corp. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (Unaudited)

	Preferr	- 1 64	l .	Add Common stock na						
Three months ended June 30, 2023	Shares	ea Si	\$				paid-in capital	Subscriptions pavable	Accumulated deficit	Total
Timee months chaca gane 50, 2025	Shares	_	Ψ	Shares 5		Capitai	сарна рауавіс		Total	
Balances, March 31, 2023	39,810	\$	40	868,116	\$	868	\$32,182,182	\$ 600,000	\$ (26,258,587)	\$ 6,524,503
Shares issued as settlement of accounts payable	-		-	10,070		10	44,157	-	-	44,167
Shares issued under equity line of credit	-		-	40,000		40	31,647	-	-	31,687
Shares issued for vested restricted stock units	-		-	14,444		14	(14)		-	-
Shares issued for settlement of class action	-		-	129,457		129	599,871	(600,000) -	-
Shares issued for cashless exercise of warrants	-		-	15,238		15	(15)			-
Stock based compensation	-		-	-		-	147,873	-	-	147,873
Net loss		_		-	_				(153,922)	(153,922)
Ending balance, June 30, 2023	39,810	\$	40	1,077,325	\$	1,076	\$33,005,701	\$ -	\$ (26,412,509)	\$ 6,594,308
	Preferr	ed St	tock	Commo	on s	stock	Additional paid-in	Subscriptions	Accumulated	
Six months ended June 30, 2023	Shares		\$	Shares	_	\$	capital	payable	deficit	Total
Balances, December 31, 2022	39,810	\$	40	867,361	\$	867	\$32,034,310	\$ 600,000	\$ (25,858,697)	\$ 6,776,520
Shares issued as settlement of accounts payable	-		-	10,070		10	44,157	_	-	44,167
Shares issued under equity line of credit	-		-	40,000		40	31,647	-	-	31,687
Shares issued for vested restricted stock units	-		-	15,199		15	(15)	-	-	-
Shares issued for settlement of class action	-		-	129,457		129	599,871	(600,000) -	-
Shares issued for cashless exercise of warrants	-		-	15,238		15	(15)			-
Stock based compensation	-		-	-		-	295,746	-	-	295,746
Net loss			-	-		<u>-</u>			(553,812)	(553,812)
Ending balance, June 30, 2023	39.810		40							\$ 6.594.308

SCWorx Corp. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

For the six months ended June 30,

	J	une 30,
	2024	2023
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$ (515,97	(2) \$ (553,812)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Amortization of debt discount	30,00	
Stock-based compensation		- 295,746
Common stock issued for settlement of payables	183,64	
Common stock issued for legal settlements	20,40	
Credit loss expense Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	25,50	-
Accounts receivable	(292,66	(122,765
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(43,22	, ,
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(4,30	
Deferred revenue	9,37	
Net cash used in operating activities	(587,25	(328,475
Net cash from investing activities:		<u>- </u>
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from the sale of common stock		- 261,687
Proceeds from loans payable	300,00	0 -
Payments of loans payable	(33,86	(33,451
Payments of shareholder advance		- (16,189
Proceeds from accounts payable and accrued liabilities - related party	123,47	
Payments of accounts payable and accrued liabilities - related party	123,47	(160,085
Net cash provided by used in financing activities	513,08	212,047
Net decrease in cash	(74,17	(2) (116,428
Cash, beginning of period	91,43	6 249,462
Cash, end of period	e 17.20	4 6 122.024
Cush, end of period	\$ 17,26	\$ 133,034
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Cash paid for interest	\$ 30,36	9 \$ 5,932
Cash paid for income taxes	\$	- \$ -
Non-cash investing and financing activities:		
Shares issued for vested restricted stock units	\$	2 \$ 15
Shares issued for settlement of class action	\$	- \$ 600,000
Shares issued for cashless exercise of warrants	\$	- \$ 15
Shares issued for accrued legal settlement	\$ 67,20	0 \$ -
		.

SCWorx Corp. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 1. Description of Business

Nature of Business

SCWorx, LLC (n/k/a SCW FL Corp.) ("SCW LLC") was a privately held limited liability company which was organized in Florida on November 17, 2016. On December 31, 2017, SCW LLC acquired Primrose Solutions, LLC ("Primrose"), a Delaware limited liability company, which became its wholly-owned subsidiary and focused on developing functionality for the software now used and sold by SCWorx Corp. (the "Company" or "SCWorx"). The majority interest holders of Primrose were interest holders of SCW LLC and based upon Staff Accounting Bulletin Topic 5G, the technology acquired has been accounted for at predecessor cost of \$0. To facilitate the planned acquisition by Alliance MMA, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("Alliance"), on June 27, 2018, SCW LLC merged with and into a newly-formed entity, SCWorx Acquisition Corp., a Delaware corporation ("SCW Acquisition"), with SCW Acquisition being the surviving entity. Subsequently, on August 17, 2018, SCW Acquisition changed its name to SCWorx Corp. On November 30, 2018, the Company and certain of its stockholders agreed to cancel 6,510 shares of common stock. In June 2018, the Company began to collect subscriptions for common stock. Form June to November 2018, the Company collected \$1,250,000 in subscriptions and issued 3,125 shares of common stock to new third-party investors. In addition, on February 1, 2019, (i) SCWorx Corp. (f/k/a SCWorx Acquisition Corp.) changed its name to SCW FL Corp. (to allow Alliance to change its name to SCWorx Corp.) and (ii) Alliance acquired SCWorx Corp. (n/k/a SCW FL Corp.) in a stock-for-stock exchange transaction and changed Alliance's name to SCWorx Corp., which is the Company's current name, with SCW FL Corp. becoming the Company's subsidiary. On March 16, 2020, in response to the COVID-19 pandemic, SCWorx established a wholly-owned subsidiary, Direct-Worx, LLC to endeavor to source and provide critical, difficult-to-find items for the healthcare industry which it has since ceased.

On October 6, 2023, following stockholder approval at the Company's annual meeting, the Company amended its certificate of incorporation to implement a 1 for 15 reverse split of its common stock. The effect of the reverse stock split was to combine every 15 shares of outstanding common stock into one share of common stock. The reverse stock split was effective at the opening of the trading day on October 11, 2023.

The effects of the reverse stock split have been reflected in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for all periods presented.

On October 16, 2023, the Company entered into a letter of intent to merge with American Energy Partners, Inc. ("American Environmental") and subsequently entered into a definitive agreement and plan of merger (the "Merger Agreement") on December 22, 2023. The Merger Agreement was mutually terminated on March 26, 2024. During the year ended December 31, 2023, American Environmental contributed an aggregate \$165,000 to the Company to assist in covering its operating expenses.

Operations of the Business

SCWorx is a provider of data content and services related to the repair, normalization and interoperability of information for healthcare providers and big data analytics for the healthcare industry.

SCWorx has developed and markets health information technology solutions and associated services that improve healthcare processes and information flow within hospitals. SCWorx's software platform enables healthcare providers to simplify, repair, and organize its data ("data normalization"), allows the data to be utilized across multiple internal software applications ("interoperability") and provides the basis for sophisticated data analytics ("big data"). SCWorx's solutions are designed to improve the flow of information quickly and accurately between the existing supply chain, electronic medical records, clinical systems, and patient billing functions. The software is designed to achieve multiple operational benefits such as supply chain cost reductions, decreased accounts receivables aging, accelerated and more accurate billing, contract optimization, increased supply chain management and cost visibility, synchronous Charge Description Master ("CDM") and control of vendor rebates and contract administration fees.

SCWorx empowers healthcare providers to maintain comprehensive access and visibility to an advanced business intelligence that enables better decision-making and reductions in product costs and utilization, ultimately leading to accelerated and accurate patient billing. SCWorx's software modules perform separate functions as follows:

- virtualized Item Master File repair, expansion and automation;
- CDM management;
- contract management;
- request for proposal automation;
- rebate management;
- big data analytics modeling; and
- data integration and warehousing.

SCWorx continues to provide transformational data-driven solutions to some of the finest, most well-respected healthcare providers in the United States. Clients are geographically dispersed throughout the country. The Company's focus is to assist healthcare providers with issues they have pertaining to data interoperability. SCWorx provides these solutions through a combination of direct sales and relationships with strategic partners.

SCWorx's software solutions are delivered to clients within a fixed term period, typically a three-to-five-year contracted term, where such software is hosted in SCWorx data centers (Amazon Web Service's "AWS" or RackSpace) and accessed by the client through a secure connection in a software as a service ("SaaS") delivery method.

SCWorx currently sells its solutions and services in the United States to hospitals and health systems through its direct sales force and its distribution and reseller partnerships.

Impact of the COVID-19 Pandemic

The Company's operations and business have experienced disruption due to the unprecedented conditions surrounding the COVID-19 pandemic which spread throughout the United States and the world. The outbreak adversely impacted new customer acquisition. The Company has followed the recommendations of local health authorities to minimize exposure risk for its team members since the outbreak.

In addition, the Company's customers (hospitals) also experienced extraordinary disruptions to their businesses and supply chains, while experiencing unprecedented demand for health care services related to COVID-19. As a result of these extraordinary disruptions to the Company's customers' business, the Company's customers were focused on meeting the nation's health care needs in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. As a result, the Company believes that its customers were not able to focus resources on expanding the utilization of the Company's services, which has adversely impacted the Company's growth prospects, at least until the adverse effects of the pandemic subside. In addition, the financial impact of COVID-19 on the Company's hospital customers could cause the hospitals to delay payments due to the Company for services, which could negatively impact the Company's cash flows.

Note 2. Liquidity and Going Concern

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP"), which contemplates continuation of the Company as a going concern and the realization of assets and satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. The condensed consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustment that might become necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern

The Company has suffered recurring losses from operations and incurred a net loss of \$515,972 for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and \$3,981,144 for the year ended December 31, 2023. The accumulated deficit as of June 30, 2024 was \$30,355,813. The Company has not yet achieved profitability and expects to continue to incur cash outflows from operations. It is expected that its operating losses will continue and, as a result, the Company will eventually need to generate significant increases in product revenues to achieve profitability. These conditions indicate that there is substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the financial statement issuance date.

As of the filing date of this Report, the Company has only limited cash on hand, and management believes that there may not be sufficient capital resources from operations and existing financing arrangements in order to meet operating expenses and working capital requirements for the next twelve months.

Accordingly, the Company is evaluating various alternatives, including reducing operating expenses, securing additional financing through debt or equity securities to fund future business activities and other strategic alternatives. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to generate the level of operating revenues in its business plan, or if additional sources of financing will be available on acceptable terms, if at all. If no additional sources of financing are available, our future operating prospects may be adversely affected. The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Note 3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP and the rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). They do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for complete consolidated financial statements. Therefore, these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements and notes thereto contained in its report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, filed with the SEC on September 23, 2024.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of SCWorx and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All material intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included herein are unaudited; however, they contain all normal recurring accruals and adjustments that, in the opinion of management, are necessary to present fairly the Company's financial position at June 30, 2024, the results of its operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for future quarters or the full year.

Reclassifications

Certain balances in previously issued condensed consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to be consistent with the current period presentation. The reclassification had no impact on total financial position, net loss, or stockholders' equity.

Cash

Cash is maintained with various financial institutions. Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash deposits. Accounts at each institution are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") up to \$250,000. The Company did not have amounts in excess of the FDIC insured limit as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Management applies fair value accounting for significant financial assets and liabilities and non-financial assets and liabilities that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements on a recurring basis. Management defines fair value as the price that would be received from selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. When determining the fair value measurements for assets and liabilities, which are required to be recorded at fair value, management considers the principal or most advantageous market in which the Company would transact and the market-based risk measurements or assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, such as risks inherent in valuation techniques, transfer restrictions and credit risk. Fair value is estimated by applying the following hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value into three levels and bases the categorization within the hierarchy upon the lowest level of input that is available and significant to the fair value measurement: Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2 - Observable inputs other than quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities. Level 3 - Inputs that are generally unobservable and typically reflect management's estimate of assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

Fair value of stock options and warrants

Management uses the Black-Scholes option-pricing model to calculate the fair value of stock options and warrants. Use of this method requires management to make assumptions and estimates about the expected life of options and warrants, anticipated forfeitures, the risk-free rate, and the volatility of the Company's share price. In making these assumptions and estimates, management relies on historical market data.

Concentration of Credit and Other Risks

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to significant concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash and accounts receivable. The Company believes that any concentration of credit risk in its accounts receivable is substantially mitigated by the Company's evaluation process, relatively short collection terms and the high level of credit worthiness of its customers. The Company performs ongoing internal credit evaluations of its customers' financial condition, obtains deposits and limits the amount of credit extended when deemed necessary but generally requires no collateral.

Significant customers are those which represent more than 10% of the Company's revenue for each period presented, or the Company's accounts receivable balance as of each respective balance sheet date. For each significant customer, revenue as a percentage of total revenue and accounts receivable as a percentage of total net accounts receivable are as follows:

	six months	Revenue For the six months ended June 30,					
Customers	2024	2023	2024	2023			
Customer A	14%	11%	3%	13%			
Customer B	13%	10%	41%	44%			
Customer C	19%	15%	37%	8%			
Customer D	5%	11%	-%	4%			
Customer E	-%	2%	-%	14%			

Allowance for Credit Losses

Accounts receivable are comprised of amounts billed and currently due from customers. Accounts receivable are amounts related to any unconditional right the Company has for receiving consideration and are presented as accounts receivable in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. The Company maintains an allowance for credit losses for estimated losses resulting from the inability of our customers to make required payments. The Company employs an expected credit loss model utilizing historical loss rates and historical trends in credit quality indicators (e.g., delinquency, risk ratings), adjusted to reflect current economic conditions and knowledge or customer relationships.

Management considers the following factors when determining the collectability of specific customer accounts: customer creditworthiness, past transaction history with the customer, current industry trends, changes in customer payment terms, and specific customer situations. The Company's normal collection cycle ranges between thirty and 60 days. Estimated uncollectible amounts are charged to earnings and a credit to a valuation allowance. Balances which remain outstanding after reasonable collection efforts are written off through a charge to the valuation allowance and a credit to accounts receivable. The Company has assessed that certain receivables may not be collectable and has recorded an allowance for credit losses of \$20,000 as of June 30, 2024. The Company did not record an allowance for credit losses as of December 31, 2023.

Goodwill

Goodwill

Goodwill is recorded as the difference, if any, between the aggregate consideration paid for an acquisition and the fair value of the net tangible and identified intangible assets acquired under a business combination. Goodwill also includes acquired assembled workforce, which does not qualify as an identifiable intangible asset. The Company reviews impairment of goodwill annually in the fourth quarter, or more frequently if events or circumstances indicate that the goodwill might be impaired. The Company first assesses qualitative factors to determine whether it is necessary to perform the quantitative goodwill impairment test. If, after assessing the totality of events or circumstances, the Company determines that it is not more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, then the quantitative goodwill impairment test is unnecessary.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue in accordance with Accounting Standard Codification ("ASC") Topic 606 to depict the transfer of promised goods or services in an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. To determine revenue recognition for arrangements within the scope of Topic 606 the Company performs the following steps:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 5: Recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation

The Company follows the accounting revenue guidance under Topic 606 to determine whether contracts contain more than one performance obligation. Performance obligations are the unit of accounting for revenue recognition and generally represent the distinct goods or services that are promised to the customer.

The Company has identified the following performance obligations in its SaaS contracts with customers:

- 1) Data Normalization: which includes data preparation, product and vendor mapping, product categorization, data enrichment and other data related services,
- 2) Software-as-a-service ("SaaS"): which is generated from clients' access of and usage of the Company's hosted software solutions on a subscription basis for a specified contract term, which is usually annually. In SaaS arrangements, the client cannot take possession of the software during the term of the contract and generally has the right to access and use the software and receive any software upgrades published during the subscription period,
- 3) Maintenance: which includes ongoing data cleansing and normalization, content enrichment, and optimization, and
- 4) Professional Services: mainly related to specific customer projects to manage and/or analyze data and review for cost reduction opportunities

A contract will typically include Data Normalization, SaaS and Maintenance, which are distinct performance obligations and are accounted for separately. The transaction price is allocated to each separate performance obligation on a relative stand-alone selling price basis. Significant judgement is required to determine the stand-alone selling price for each distinct performance obligation and is typically estimated based on observable transactions when these services are sold on a stand-alone basis. At contract inception, an assessment of the goods and services promised in the contracts with customers is performed and a performance obligation is identified for each distinct promise to transfer to the customer a good or service (or bundle of goods or services). To identify the performance obligations, the Company considers all the goods or services promised in the contract regardless of whether they are explicitly stated or are implied by customary business practices. Revenue is recognized when the performance obligation has been met. The Company considers control to have transferred upon delivery because the Company has a present right to payment at that time, the Company has transferred use of the good or service, and the customer is able to direct the use of, and obtain substantially all the remaining benefits from, the good or service.

The Company's SaaS and Maintenance contracts typically have termination for convenience without penalty clauses and accordingly, are generally accounted for as month-to-month agreements. If it is determined that the Company has not satisfied a performance obligation, revenue recognition will be deferred until the performance obligation is deemed to be satisfied.

Revenue recognition for the Company's performance obligations are as follows:

Data Normalization and Professional Services

The Company's Data Normalization and Professional Services are typically fixed fee. When these services are not combined with SaaS or Maintenance revenues as a single unit of accounting, these revenues are recognized as the services are rendered and when contractual milestones are achieved and accepted by the customer. When these services are combined with SaaS or Maintenance revenues, revenues recognized ratably over the period of the contract.

SaaS and Maintenance

SaaS and Maintenance revenues are recognized ratably over the contract terms beginning on the commencement date of each contract, which is the date on which the Company's service is made available to customers.

The Company does have some contracts that have payment terms that differ from the timing of revenue recognition, which requires the Company to assess whether the transaction price for those contracts include a significant financing component. The Company has elected the practical expedient that permits an entity to not adjust for the effects of a significant financing component if it expects that at the contract inception, the period between when the entity transfers a promised good or service to a customer and when the customer pays for that good or service will be one year or less. The Company does not maintain contracts in which the period between when the entity transfers a promised good or service to a customer and when the customer pays for that good or service exceeds the one-year threshold.

The Company has one revenue stream, from the SaaS business, and believes it has presented all varying factors that affect the nature, timing and uncertainty of revenues and cash flows.

Remaining Performance Obligations

As of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company had \$387,958 and \$378,583, respectively, of remaining performance obligations recorded as deferred revenue. The Company expects to recognize the revenue relating to the current performance obligations during the following 12 month period.

Costs to Obtain and Fulfill a Contract

Costs to fulfill a contract typically include costs related to satisfying performance obligations as well as general and administrative costs that are not explicitly chargeable to customer contracts. These expenses are recognized and expensed when incurred in accordance with ASC 340-40.

Cost of Revenues

Cost of revenues primarily represent data center hosting costs, consulting services and maintenance of the Company's large data array that were incurred in delivering professional services and maintenance of the Company's large data array during the periods presented.

Contract Balances

Contract assets arise when the associated revenue was earned prior to the Company's unconditional right to receive a payment under a contract with a customer (unbilled revenue) and are derecognized when either it becomes a receivable or the cash is received. There were no contract assets as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

Contract liabilities arise when customers remit contractual cash payments in advance of the Company satisfying its performance obligations under the contract and are derecognized when the revenue associated with the contract is recognized when the performance obligation is satisfied. Contract liabilities were \$387,958 and \$378,583 as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

Income Taxes

The Company uses the asset and liability method of accounting for income taxes in accordance with ASC Topic 740, "Income Taxes." Under this method, income tax expense is recognized for the amount of: (i) taxes payable or refundable for the current year and (ii) deferred tax consequences of temporary differences resulting from matters that have been recognized in an entity's financial statements or tax returns. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in the results of operations in the period that includes the enactment date.

Valuation allowances are provided if, based upon the weight of available evidence, it is more likely than not that some or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. As of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company has evaluated available evidence and concluded that the Company may not realize all the benefits of its deferred tax assets; therefore, a valuation allowance has been established for its deferred tax assets.

ASC Topic 740-10-30 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise's financial statements and prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. ASC Topic 740-10-40 provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure, and transition. The Company has no material uncertain tax positions for any of the reporting periods presented.

There was no income tax expense for three and six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation expense in accordance with the authoritative guidance on share-based payments. Under the provisions of the guidance, stock-based compensation expense is measured at the grant date based on the fair value of the option or warrant using a Black-Scholes option pricing model and is recognized as expense on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period, which is generally the vesting period.

The authoritative guidance also requires that the Company measures and recognizes stock-based compensation expense upon modification of the term of stock award. The stock-based compensation expense for such modification is accounted for as a repurchase of the original award and the issuance of a new award.

Calculating stock-based compensation expense requires the input of highly subjective assumptions, including the expected term of the stock-based awards, stock price volatility, and the pre-vesting option forfeiture rate. The Company estimates the expected life of options granted based on historical exercise patterns, which are believed to be representative of future behavior. The Company estimates the volatility of the Company's common stock on the date of grant based on historical volatility. The assumptions used in calculating the fair value of stock-based awards represent the Company's best estimates, but these estimates involve inherent uncertainties and the application of management's judgment. As a result, if factors change and the Company uses different assumptions, its stock-based compensation expense could be materially different in the future. In addition, the Company is required to estimate the expected forfeiture rate and only recognize expense for those shares expected to vest. The Company estimates the forfeiture rate based on historical experience of its stock-based awards that are granted, exercised and cancelled. If the actual forfeiture rate is materially different from the estimate, stock-based compensation expense could be significantly different from what was recorded in the current period. The Company also grants performance-based restricted stock awards to employees and consultants. These awards will vest if certain employee\consultant-specific or Company-designated performance targets are achieved. If minimum performance thresholds are achieved, each award will convert into a designated number of the Company's common stock. If minimum performance thresholds are not achieved, then no shares will be issued. Based upon the expected levels of achievement, stock-based compensation is recognized on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period. The expected levels of achievement are reassessed over the requisite service periods and, to the extent that the expected levels of achieveme

Loss Per Share

The Company computes earnings (loss) per share in accordance with ASC 260, "Earnings per Share" which requires presentation of both basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share ("EPS") on the face of the income statement. Basic EPS is computed by dividing the loss available to common shareholders (numerator) by the weighted average number of shares outstanding (denominator) during the period. Diluted EPS gives effect to all dilutive potential common shares outstanding during the period using the treasury stock method and convertible preferred stock using the if-converted method. In computing diluted EPS, the average stock price for the period is used in determining the number of shares assumed to be purchased from the exercise of stock options or warrants and the exercise of fully vested restricted stock units. Diluted EPS excludes all dilutive potential shares if their effect is anti-dilutive.

Indemnification

The Company provides indemnification of varying scope to certain customers against claims of intellectual property infringement made by third parties arising from the use of the Company's software. In accordance with authoritative guidance for accounting for guarantees, the Company evaluates estimated losses for such indemnification. The Company considers such factors as the degree of probability of an unfavorable outcome and the ability to make a reasonable estimate of the amount of loss. To date, no such claims have been filed against the Company and no liability has been recorded in its condensed consolidated financial statements.

As permitted under Delaware law, the Company has agreements whereby it indemnifies its officers and directors for certain events or occurrences while the officer or director is, or was, serving at the Company's request in such capacity. The maximum potential amount of future payments the Company could be required to make under these indemnification agreements is unlimited. In addition, the Company has directors' and officers' liability insurance coverage that is intended to reduce its financial exposure and may enable it to recover any payments above the applicable policy retention, should they occur.

Contingencies

The Company records a liability when the Company believes that it is both probable that a loss has been incurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated. If the Company determines that a loss is reasonably possible, and the loss or range of loss can be estimated, the Company discloses the possible loss in the notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements. The Company reviews the developments in its contingencies that could affect the amount of the provisions that has been previously recorded, and the matters and related possible losses disclosed. The Company adjusts provisions and changes to its disclosures accordingly to reflect the impact of negotiations, settlements, rulings, advice of legal counsel, and updated information. Significant judgment is required to determine both the probability and the estimated amount.

Legal costs associated with loss contingencies are accrued based upon legal expenses incurred by the end of the reporting period.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported and disclosed in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. The Company regularly evaluates estimates and assumptions related to the allowance for doubtful accounts, the estimated useful lives and recoverability of long-lived assets, stock-based compensation, goodwill, and deferred income tax asset valuation allowances. The Company bases its estimates and assumptions on current facts, historical experience and various other factors that it believes to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities and the accrual of costs and expenses that are not readily apparent from other sources. The actual results experienced by the Company may differ materially and adversely from the Company's estimates. To the extent there are material differences between the estimates and the actual results, future results of operations will be affected. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

From time to time, new accounting pronouncements are issued by FASB that are adopted by the Company as of the specified effective date. If not discussed, management believes that the impact of recently issued standards, which are not yet effective, will not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements upon adoption.

Note 4. Loans Payable

CARES funding

On May 5, 2020, the Company obtained a \$293,972 unsecured loan payable through the Paycheck Protection Program ("PPP"), which was enacted as part of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act (the "CARES ACT"). The funds were received from Bank of America through a loan agreement pursuant to the CARES Act. The CARES Act was established in order to enable small businesses to pay employees during the economic slowdown caused by COVID-19 by providing forgivable loans to qualifying businesses for up to 2.5 times their average monthly payroll costs. The amount borrowed under the CARES Act and used for payroll costs, rent, mortgage interest, and utility costs during the 24 week period after the date of loan disbursement is eligible to be forgiven provided that (a) the Company uses the PPP Funds during the eight week period after receipt thereof, and (b) the PPP Funds are only used to cover payroll costs (including benefits), rent, mortgage interest, and utility costs. While the full loan amount may be forgiven, the amount of loan forgiveness will be reduced if, among other reasons, the Company does not maintain staffing or payroll levels or less than 60% of the loan proceeds are used for payroll costs. Principal and interest payments on any unforgiven portion of the PPP Funds (the "PPP Loan") will be deferred to the date the SBA remits the borrower's loan forgiveness amount to the lender or, if the borrower does not apply for loan forgiveness, 10 months after the end of the borrower's loan forgiveness period for nine months and will accrue interest at a fixed annual rate of 1.0% and carry a two year maturity date. There is no prepayment penalty on the CARES Act Loan. In May 2022, the Company was granted an extension on the maturity date of this note until March 5, 2025. The loan was partially forgiven in the amount of \$139,569 in September 2022. As of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the remaining balance was \$56,492 and \$90,359, respectively.

On April 12, 2024, the Company issued a secured promissory note in the face amount of \$330,000, in exchange for which it received cash in the amount of \$300,000. In addition to the original issue discount of \$30,000, the note bears interest at the rate of 5% per annum, was originally due May 10, 2024 and subsequently extended until July 12, 2024 and is secured by all the Company assets. As of June 30, 2024, the balance of the promissory note was \$330,000.

Note 5. Leases

Operating Leases

The Company's principal executive office in Tampa Florida is under a month-to-month arrangement with a base rent of \$250 per month. The Company also leases office space in New York, New York under a similar month-to-month arrangement.

The Company has operating leases for corporate, business and technician offices. Leases with a probable term of 12 months or less, including month-to-month agreements, are not recorded on the condensed consolidated balance sheets, unless the arrangement includes an option to purchase the underlying asset, or an option to renew the arrangement, that the Company is reasonably certain to exercise (short-term leases). The Company recognizes lease expense for these leases on a straight-line bases over the lease term. The Company's only remaining lease is month-to-month. As a practical expedient, the Company elected, for all office and facility leases, not to separate non-lease components (common-area maintenance costs) from lease components (fixed payments including rent) and instead to account for each separate lease component and its associated non-lease components as a single lease component.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the components of lease expense were as follows:

	For the	hree mon June 30,	ths ended	For the six months ended June 30,		
	2024		2023	2024		2023
Operating lease cost	\$ 1	198 \$	435	\$ 2,133	\$	870
Total lease cost	\$ 1	198 \$	435	\$ 2,133	\$	870

As of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company had no additional operating leases, other than those noted above, and no financing leases.

Note 6. Commitments and Contingencies

In conducting its business, the Company may become involved in legal proceedings. The Company will accrue a liability for such matters when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated. When only a range of possible loss can be established, the most probable amount in the range is accrued. If no amount within this range is a better estimate than any other amount within the range, the minimum amount in the range is accrued. The accrual for a litigation loss contingency might include, for example, estimates of potential damages, outside legal fees and other directly related costs expected to be incurred.

CorProminence d/b/a Core IR v. SCWorx

AAA Arbitration Case 01-22-0001-5709

As previously disclosed in the Company's periodic reports filed with the SEC, on April 25, 2022, the Company received a Demand for Arbitration along with a Statement of Claim filed by Core IR with the American Arbitration Association seeking damages in the amount of approximately \$190,000 arising out of a marketing and consulting agreement. The Company filed its answer, affirmative defenses and counterclaims on May 16, 2022. By order of the arbitrator dated November 1, 2022, Core IR received permission to amend its Statement of Claim to increase its request for damages to \$257,546. The Company received the final decision of the Arbitrator on October 16, 2023, awarding Core IR \$461,856 including unpaid compensation, indemnification for legal fees and costs, prevailing party legal fees and interest (the "Award"). Core IR has since obtained a judgement in the amount of approximately \$502,000 (including interest) ("Judgement") which is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities on the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets at June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023. The Company and Core IR entered into a settlement agreement dated July 12, 2024 under which the Company agreed to issue Core IR shares of its common stock with a value of \$502,000 (determined based on sales proceeds realized by Core IR), in full and complete satisfaction of the Judgement. The settlement agreement is filed as exhibit 10.5 to this annual report on Form 10-K.

Hadrian Equities Partners, LLC et ano. v. SCWorx Corp,

Case No. 22-cv-07096 (JLR) (S.D.N.Y)

On August 19, 2022, Hadrian Equities Partners, LLC and the Phillip W. Caprio, Jr. 2007 Irrevocable Trust filed a complaint in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York alleging that SCWorx was dilatory and did not comply with its alleged contractual duties to remove the restrictions from Plaintiffs' converted AMMA stock to SCWorx stock until August 10 and August 11, 2020. Plaintiffs allege that as a result, they were unable to sell their SCWorx stock when SCWorx was trading at its highest price on April 13, 2020. The Complaint sought \$500,000 in damages. Plaintiffs filed an Amended Complaint on November 28, 2022. On February 6, 2023, SCWorx filed its answer to the Amended Complaint interposing numerous defenses. Plaintiff has since entered into a settlement agreement dated December 1, 2023 (effective as of October 23, 2023) (as amended April 29, 2024), under which the Company agreed to pay Plaintiffs \$20,000 and issue them 37,500 shares of common stock, all in full settlement of the claims made in the lawsuit. The Company has accrued for this liability which is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities on the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets at June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023. The cash payment was made in July 2024, and the shares were issued in May 2024.

Carole R. Bernstein, Esq. v. SCWorx Corp.

As previously disclosed in the Company's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2023, on June 7, 2023, Carole R. Bernstein, Esq. filed a complaint in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York against the Company. The complaint alleged that the Company breached its engagement agreement with Ms. Bernstein by failing to pay legal fees when due. Ms. Bernstein sought to recover \$69,164 fees owing for services, plus interest, costs, including her attorney's fees. The Company has accrued for this liability which is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities on the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets at June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023. The Company and the Plaintiff have since entered into a settlement agreement dated July 12, 2024, under which the Company agreed to pay Plaintiffs \$80,000 in two equal installments of \$40,000, the first of which was paid August 9, 2024, and the second of which was on October 8, 2024.

Note 7. Stockholders' Equity

Authorized Shares

The Company has 45,000,000 Common shares and 900,000 Series A convertible preferred shares authorized with a par value of \$0.001 per share.

On October 6, 2023, following stockholder approval at the Company's annual meeting, the Company amended its certificate of incorporation to implement a 1 for 15 reverse split of its common stock. The effect of the reverse stock split was to combine every 15 shares of outstanding common stock into one share of common stock. The reverse stock split was effective at the opening of the trading day on October 11, 2023. The effects of the reverse stock split have been reflected in this quarterly report on form 10/Q for all periods presented.

Common Stock

Issuance of Shares for Vested Restricted Stock Units

March 27, 2024, the Company issued 1,667 shares of common stock to a holder of fully vested restricted stock units.

Issuance of Shares as Settlement of Accounts Payable

Between February 6, 2024 and June 12, 2024, the Company issued an aggregate 94,711 shares of common stock in full settlement of \$183,644 of accounts payable. The shares had fair values ranging from \$1.20 to \$2.65 per share.

Issuance of Shares as Settlement of Accounts Payable

On May 30, 2024, the Company issued 37,500 shares of common stock valued at \$67,200 or \$1.79 per share to fulfill its obligation under a previous legal settlement. See Note 6. Commitments and Contingencies for further information.

Stock Incentive Plan

The number of shares of the Company's common stock that are issuable pursuant to warrant and stock option grants with time-based vesting as of and for the six months ended June 30, 2024 were:

Warran	t Gr	ants	Stock Opt	ion	Grants	Restricted Stock Units	
Number of shares subject to warrants		average Number of exercise shares		shares exercise ubject to price per		Number of shares subject to restricted stock units	
11,394	\$	58.72	3,333	\$	39.60	165,663	
-		-	-		-	88,362	
-		-	-		-	(90,029)	
(2,293)		53.64					
9,101	\$	60.00	3,333	\$	39.60	163,996	
9,101	\$	60.00	3,333	\$	39.60	163,996	
	Number of shares subject to warrants 11,394 (2,293) 9,101	Number of shares subject to warrants 11,394 \$	shares subject to warrants exercise price per share 11,394 \$ 58.72 (2,293) 53.64 9,101 \$ 60.00	Number of shares Weighted-average exercise price per share Number of shares subject to warrants \$ 58.72 3,333 (2,293) 53.64 - 9,101 \$ 60.00 3,333	Number of shares Weighted-average exercise price per warrants Number of shares subject to options 11,394 \$ 58.72 3,333 (2,293) 53.64 - 9,101 \$ 60.00 3,333	Number of shares Weighted-average exercise Number of shares Weighted-average exercise subject to warrants price per share subject to options price per share 11,394 \$ 58.72 3,333 \$ 39.60 (2,293) 53.64 - - 9,101 \$ 60.00 3,333 \$ 39.60	

The number of shares of the Company's common stock that are issuable pursuant to warrant and stock option grants with time-based vesting as of and for the six months ended June 30, 2023 were:

	Warran	t Gra	ants	Stock Opt	ion	Grants	Restricted Stock Units
	Number of shares subject to warrants		Weighted- average exercise price per share	Number of shares subject to options	exercise		Number of shares subject to restricted stock units
Balance at December 31, 2022	104,515	\$	20.25	7,889	\$	48.75	160,650
Granted	-		-	-	_	_	32,736
Exercised	(54,872)		9.75	-		-	(25,269)
Cancelled/Expired	(2,974)		137.10	(959)	_	101.25	
Balance at June 30, 2023	46,669	\$	25.05	6,930	\$	41.40	168,117
Exercisable at June 30, 2023	46,669	\$	25.05	6,930	\$	41.40	168,117

The Company has classified the warrant as having Level 2 inputs, and has used the Black-Scholes option-pricing model to value the warrants.

The Company's outstanding warrants and options at June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Warrants Outstanding			Warrants Exercisable					
Exercise Price Range \$ 60.00	Number Outstanding 9,101	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (in years)	\$	Weighted Average Exercise Price 60.00	Number Weighted Number Average Exercisable Exercise Price Intri			Intrinsic Value
	Options Outstanding					Options	Exercisable	
Exercise Price Range					Intrinsic Value			
\$ 39.60	3,333	0.41	\$	39.60	3,333	\$	39.60	

As of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, there was no unrecognized expense for unvested stock options and restricted stock awards.

Stock-based compensation expense for three and six months ended June 30, 2024 is 2023 was as follows:

	For the th	For the three months ended June 30,			For the six months ended June 30,			
	2024			2023	2024		2023	
Stock-based compensation expense	\$	_	\$	147,873	\$	-		\$ 295,746

Note 8. Net Loss per Share

Basic net loss per share is computed by dividing net loss for the period by the weighted average shares of common stock outstanding during each period. Diluted net loss per share is computed by dividing net loss for the period by the weighted average shares of common stock, common stock equivalents and potentially dilutive securities outstanding during each period. The Company uses the treasury stock method to determine whether there is a dilutive effect of outstanding option grants.

The following securities were excluded from the computation of diluted net loss per share for the periods presented because including them would have been anti-dilutive:

For the three and six months

	I of the three and six months		
	ended June 30,		
	2024	2023	
Stock options	3,333	6,930	
Warrants	9,101	46,669	
Restricted stock units	163,996	168,117	
Total common stock equivalents	176,430	221,716	

Note 9. Related Party Transactions

At June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company had a payable due to an officer in the amount of \$149,838 for contract work performed prior to becoming an officer.

During September 2021, the Company's former CEO and shareholder advanced \$100,000 in cash to the Company for short term capital requirements. This amount is non-interest bearing and payable upon demand. The Company had a balance of \$67,622 included in shareholder advance on the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

Between January 18, 2024 and February 29, 2024, the Company's CFO advanced an aggregate \$123,474 in cash to the Company for short term capital requirements. As of June 30, 2024, all advanced amounts have been repaid.

The above amounts and terms are not necessarily what third parties would agree to.

Note 10. Subsequent Events

We have evaluated all events that occurred after the balance sheet date through the date when our financial statements were issued to determine if they must be reported. Management has determined that other than those disclosed below, there were no additional reportable subsequent events to be disclosed.

Financing Transaction

On July 16, 2024, the Company closed a Securities Purchase Agreement (the "SPA") with certain accredited investors. Under the SPA, the Company sold a series of senior secured convertible notes with an aggregate principal amount of \$1,155,000, including the exchange of the April 12, 2024 secured promissory note, that had an initial conversion price of \$1.43 per share, subject to certain adjustments and maturity date of December 31, 2024. The Company also issued five year warrants to acquire up to an aggregate 4,846,158 additional shares of the Company's common stock with exercise prices ranging from \$1.43 to \$1.573 per share.

Issuance of Shares as Settlement of Accounts Payable

On July 11, 2024, the Company issued 35,328 shares of common stock in full settlement of \$56,171 of accounts payable. The shares had a fair value of \$1.59 per share.

Issuance of Shares as settlement of other obligations

On July 15, 2024, the Company issued 38,052 shares of common stock in full settlement of threatened litigation. The shares were valued at \$53,653 or \$1.41 per share.

On July 18, 2024, the Company issued 159,776 shares of common stock as part of a stock settlement agreement for payment of its obligation under its judgement from Core IR in the amount of \$502,000.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

You should read the following discussion of our financial condition and results of operations in conjunction with our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the related notes included in Item 1, "Financial Statements" of this Form 10-Q. In addition to our historical unaudited condensed consolidated financial information, the following discussion contains forward-looking statements that reflect our plans, estimates, and beliefs which involves risk, uncertainty and assumptions. Our actual results could differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause or contribute to these differences include those discussed below and elsewhere in this Form 10-Q.

Corporate Information

SCWorx, LLC (n/k/a SCW FL Corp.) ("SCW LLC") was a privately held limited liability company which was organized in Florida on November 17, 2016. On December 31, 2017, SCW LLC acquired Primrose Solutions, LLC ("Primrose"), a Delaware limited liability company, which became its wholly-owned subsidiary and focused on developing functionality for the software now used and sold by SCWorx Corp. (the "Company" or "SCWorx"). The majority interest holders of Primrose were interest holders of SCW LLC and based upon Staff Accounting Bulletin Topic 5G, the technology acquired has been accounted for at predecessor cost of \$0. To facilitate the planned acquisition by Alliance MMA, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("Alliance"), on June 27, 2018, SCW LLC merged with and into a newly-formed entity, SCWorx Acquisition Corp., a Delaware corporation ("SCW Acquisition"), with SCW Acquisition being the surviving entity. Subsequently, on August 17, 2018, SCW Acquisition changed its name to SCWorx Corp. On November 30, 2018, the Company and certain of its stockholders agreed to cancel 6,510 shares of common stock. In June 2018, the Company began to collect subscriptions for common stock. From June to November 2018, the Company collected \$1,250,000 in subscriptions and issued 3,125 shares of common stock to new third-party investors. In addition, on February 1, 2019, (i) SCWorx Corp. (f/k/a SCWorx Acquisition Corp.) changed its name to SCW FL Corp. (to allow Alliance to change its name to SCWorx Corp.) and (ii) Alliance acquired SCWorx Corp. (n/k/a SCW FL Corp.) in a stock-for-stock exchange transaction and changed Alliance's name to SCWorx Corp., which is the Company's current name, with SCW FL Corp. becoming the Company's subsidiary. On March 16, 2020, in response to the COVID-19 pandemic, SCWorx established a wholly-owned subsidiary, Direct-Worx, LLC to endeavor to source and provide critical, difficult-to-find items for the healthcare industry which it has since ceased.

On October 6, 2023, following stockholder approval at the Company's annual meeting, the Company amended its certificate of incorporation to implement a 1 for 15 reverse split of its common stock. The effect of the reverse stock split was to combine every 15 shares of outstanding common stock into one share of common stock. The reverse stock split was effective at the opening of the trading day on October 11, 2023.

The effects of the reverse stock split have been reflected in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for all periods presented.

Our Business

SCWorx is a provider of data content and services related to the repair, normalization and interoperability of information for healthcare providers and big data analytics for the healthcare industry.

SCWorx has developed and markets health information technology solutions and associated services that improve healthcare processes and information flow within hospitals. SCWorx's software platform enables healthcare providers to simplify, repair, and organize its data ("data normalization"), allows the data to be utilized across multiple internal software applications ("interoperability") and provides the basis for sophisticated data analytics ("big data"). SCWorx's solutions are designed to improve the flow of information quickly and accurately between the existing supply chain, electronic medical records, clinical systems, and patient billing functions. The software is designed to achieve multiple operational benefits such as supply chain cost reductions, decreased accounts receivables aging, accelerated and more accurate billing, contract optimization, increased supply chain management and cost visibility, synchronous Charge Description Master ("CDM") and control of vendor rebates and contract administration fees.

SCWorx empowers healthcare providers to maintain comprehensive access and visibility to an advanced business intelligence that enables better decision-making and reductions in product costs and utilization, ultimately leading to accelerated and accurate patient billing. SCWorx's software modules perform separate functions as follows:

- virtualized Item Master File repair, expansion and automation;
- CDM management;
- · contract management;
- request for proposal automation;
- rebate management;
- big data analytics modeling; and
- data integration and warehousing.

SCWorx continues to provide transformational data-driven solutions to some of the finest, most well-respected healthcare providers in the United States. Clients are geographically dispersed throughout the country. The Company's focus is to assist healthcare providers with issues they have pertaining to data interoperability. SCWorx provides these solutions through a combination of direct sales and relationships with strategic partners.

SCWorx's software solutions are delivered to clients within a fixed term period, typically a three-to-five-year contracted term, where such software is hosted in SCWorx data centers (Amazon Web Service's "AWS" or RackSpace) and accessed by the client through a secure connection in a software as a service ("SaaS") delivery method.

SCWorx currently sells its solutions and services in the United States to hospitals and health systems through its direct sales force and its distribution and reseller partnerships.

Impact of the COVID-19 Pandemic

The Company's operations and business have experienced disruption due to the unprecedented conditions surrounding the COVID-19 pandemic which spread throughout the United States and the world. The outbreak adversely impacted new customer acquisition. The Company has followed the recommendations of local health authorities to minimize exposure risk for its team members since the outbreak.

In addition, the Company's customers (hospitals) also experienced extraordinary disruptions to their businesses and supply chains, while experiencing unprecedented demand for health care services related to COVID-19. As a result of these extraordinary disruptions to the Company's customers' business, the Company's customers were focused on meeting the nation's health care needs in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. As a result, the Company believes that its customers were not able to focus resources on expanding the utilization of the Company's services, which has adversely impacted the Company's growth prospects, at least until the adverse effects of the pandemic subside. In addition, the financial impact of COVID-19 on the Company's hospital customers could cause the hospitals to delay payments due to the Company for services, which could negatively impact the Company's cash flows.

Results of Operations - Three Months Ended June 30, 2024

Our operating results for the three month period ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 are summarized as follows:

	Three Months Ended				
	 June 30, June 30, 2024 2023		,	Difference	
Revenue	\$ 742,027	\$	991,099	\$	(249,072)
Cost of revenues	495,701		616,030		(120,329)
Operating expenses	553,473		523,532		29,941
Other (expense) income	(30,166)		(5,459)		(24,707)
Provision for income taxes	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		=
Net loss	\$ (337,313)	\$	(153,922)	\$	(183,391)

Revenues

Revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2024 was \$742,027 as compared to \$991,099 for the three months ended June 30, 2023. This decrease was primarily due to the expiration and non-renewal of certain customer contracts.

Cost of revenues

Cost of revenues was \$495,701 for the three months ended June 30, 2024 compared to \$616,030 for the same period in 2023. The decrease was primarily the result of staffing reductions.

Operating expenses

Operating expenses increased \$29,941 to \$553,473 for the three months June 30, 2024, as compared to \$523,532 in the same period of 2023. The Increase is primarily attributable to increases in legal and professional fees of approximately \$212,000 partially offset by decreases in salaries and wages of \$28,000, and stock-based compensation of \$148,000. We expect operating expenses to remain relatively flat during the rest of 2024.

Other income (expense)

We had other expenses of \$30,166 and \$5,459 during the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, comprised of interest expense. The increase was largely due to an original interest discount on a loan issued in the current year.

Net loss

For the three months ended June 30, 2024, we incurred a net loss of \$337,313 compared to a net loss of \$153,922 for the same period in 2023 due to the factors detailed above.

Results of Operations - Six Months Ended June 30, 2024

Our operating results for the six month period ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 are summarized as follows:

	 Six months ended					
	 ,		June 30, 2023	I	Difference	
Revenue	\$ 1,554,126	\$	1,988,548	\$	(434,422)	
Cost of revenues	1,099,166		1,305,492		(206,326)	
Operating expenses	940,563		1,230,936		(290,373)	
Other income (expense)	(30,369)		(5,932)		(24,437)	
Provision for income taxes	 =		=		=	
Net loss	\$ (515,972)	\$	(553,812)	\$	37,840	

Revenues

Revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2024 was \$1,554,126 as compared to \$1,988,548 for the six months ended June 30, 2023. This decrease was primarily due to the expiration and non-renewal of certain customer contracts.

Cost of revenues

Cost of revenues was \$1,099,166 for the six months ended June 30, 2024 compared to \$1,305,492 for the same period in 2023. The decrease was primarily the result of staffing reductions.

Operating expenses

Operating expenses decreased \$290,373 to \$940,563 for the six months June 30, 2024, as compared to \$1,230,936 in the same period of 2023. The decrease is primarily attributable decreases in salaries and wages of \$46,000, and stock-based compensation of \$296,000, partially offset by an increase in legal and professional fees of approximately \$83,000. We expect operating expenses to remain relatively flat during the rest of 2024.

Other income (expense)

We had other expenses of \$30,369 and \$5,932 during the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, comprised of interest expense. The increase was largely due to an original interest discount on a loan issued in the current year.

Net loss

For the six months ended June 30, 2024, we incurred a net loss of \$515,972 compared to a net loss of \$553,812 for the same period in 2023 due to the factors detailed above.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash Flows

		Six months ended June 30,			
	_	2024		2023	
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(587,253)	\$	(328,475)	
Net cash from investing activities Net cash provided by financing activities		513,081		212,047	
Change in cash	\$	(74,172)	\$	(116,428)	

Operating Activities

Cash used in operating activities was approximately \$587,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2024, mainly related to the net loss of approximately \$516,000, a \$293,000 increase in accounts receivable and a \$43,000 increase in prepaid expenses, partially offset by amortization of discounts on debt agreements of \$30,000, common stock issued for settlement of payables and legal settlements of \$204,000 and credit loss expense of \$25,000.

Cash used in operating activities was approximately \$328,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2023, mainly related to the net loss of approximately \$554,000, a \$123,000 increase in accounts receivable and a \$25,000 increase in prepaid expenses, partially offset by non-cash stock-based compensation of \$296,000, an increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$71,000 and an increase in deferred revenue of \$6,000.

Investing Activities

The Company did not have any investing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Financing Activities

Cash provided by financing activities was \$513,081 for the six months ended June 30, 2024, consisting of proceeds loans payable of \$300,000 partially offset by repayments of loans payable of \$33,867.

Cash provided by financing activities was approximately \$212,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2023, consisting of approximately \$262,000 in proceeds from the sale of common stock offset by \$33,000 in repayments of loans payable, and \$16,000 in repayments of shareholder advances.

Management has concluded that on our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 conditions exist that raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern since we may not have sufficient capital resources from operations and existing financing arrangements to meet our operating expenses and working capital requirements. We have historically incurred operating losses and may continue to incur operating losses for the foreseeable future. We believe that these conditions raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. This may hinder our future ability to obtain financing or may force us to obtain financing on less favorable terms than would otherwise be available. If we are unable to develop sufficient revenues and additional customers for our products and services, we may not generate enough revenue to sustain our business, and we may fail, in which case our stockholders would suffer a total loss of their investment. There can be no assurance that we will be able to continue as a going concern.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, we did not have any off-balance sheet arrangements as defined in Item 303(a)(4)(ii) of Regulation S-K.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

We are a smaller reporting company as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act and are not required to provide the information under this item.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Management conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our "disclosure controls and procedures" ("Disclosure Controls"), as defined by Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act, as of June 30, 2024, the end of the period covered by this Form 10-Q, as required by Rules 13a-15(b) and 15d-15(b) of the Exchange Act. The Disclosure Controls evaluation was done under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, based on the 2013 framework and criteria established by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. There are inherent limitations to the effectiveness of any system of Disclosure Controls. Accordingly, even effective Disclosure Controls can only provide reasonable assurance of achieving their control objectives. Based upon this evaluation, our President and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, due to deficiencies in the design of internal controls and lack of segregation of duties, our Disclosure Controls were not effective as of June 30, 2024, such that the Disclosure Controls did not ensure that the information required to be disclosed by us in reports filed under the Exchange Act is (i) recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and (ii) accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, there was no change in our internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

In conducting our business, we may become involved in legal proceedings. We will accrue a liability for such matters when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated. When only a range of possible loss can be established, the most probable amount in the range is accrued. If no amount within this range is a better estimate than any other amount within the range, the minimum amount in the range is accrued. The accrual for a litigation loss contingency might include, for example, estimates of potential damages, outside legal fees and other directly related costs expected to be incurred.

CorProminence d/b/a Core IR v. SCWorx

AAA Arbitration Case 01-22-0001-5709

As previously disclosed in the Company's periodic reports filed with the SEC, on April 25, 2022, the Company received a Demand for Arbitration along with a Statement of Claim filed by Core IR with the American Arbitration Association seeking damages in the amount of approximately \$190,000 arising out of a marketing and consulting agreement. The Company filed its answer, affirmative defenses and counterclaims on May 16, 2022. By order of the arbitrator dated November 1, 2022, Core IR received permission to amend its Statement of Claim to increase its request for damages to \$257,546. The Company received the final decision of the Arbitrator on October 16, 2023, awarding Core IR \$461,856 including unpaid compensation, indemnification for legal fees and costs, prevailing party legal fees and interest (the "Award"). Core IR has since obtained a judgement in the amount of approximately \$502,000 (including interest) ("Judgement") which is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities on the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets at June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023. The Company and Core IR entered into a settlement agreement dated July 12, 2024 under which the Company agreed to issue Core IR shares of its common stock with a value of \$502,000 (determined based on sales proceeds realized by Core IR), in full and complete satisfaction of the Judgement. The settlement agreement is filed as exhibit 10.5 to this annual report on Form 10-K

Hadrian Equities Partners, LLC et ano. v. SCWorx Corp,

Case No. 22-cv-07096 (JLR) (S.D.N.Y)

On August 19, 2022, Hadrian Equities Partners, LLC and the Phillip W. Caprio, Jr. 2007 Irrevocable Trust filed a complaint in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York alleging that SCWorx was dilatory and did not comply with its alleged contractual duties to remove the restrictions from Plaintiffs' converted AMMA stock to SCWorx stock until August 10 and August 11, 2020. Plaintiffs allege that as a result, they were unable to sell their SCWorx stock when SCWorx was trading at its highest price on April 13, 2020. The Complaint sought \$500,000 in damages. Plaintiffs filed an Amended Complaint on November 28, 2022. On February 6, 2023, SCWorx filed its answer to the Amended Complaint interposing numerous defenses. Plaintiff has since entered into a settlement agreement dated December 1, 2023 (effective as of October 23, 2023) (as amended April 29, 2024), under which the Company agreed to pay Plaintiffs \$20,000 and issue them 37,500 shares of common stock, all in full settlement of the claims made in the lawsuit. The Company has accrued for this liability which is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities on the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets at June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023. The cash payment was made in July 2024, and the shares were issued in May 2024.

Carole R. Bernstein, Esq. v. SCWorx Corp.

As previously disclosed in the Company's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2023, on June 7, 2023, Carole R. Bernstein, Esq. filed a complaint in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York against the Company. The complaint alleged that the Company breached its engagement agreement with Ms. Bernstein by failing to pay legal fees when due. Ms. Bernstein sought to recover \$69,164 fees owing for services, plus interest, costs, including her attorney's fees. The Company has accrued for this liability which is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities on the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets at June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023. The Company and the Plaintiff have since entered into a settlement agreement dated July 12, 2024, under which the Company agreed to pay Plaintiffs \$80,000 in two equal installments of \$40,000, the first of which was paid August 9, 2024, and the second of which was paid on October 8, 2024.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

We are a smaller reporting Company as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act and are not required to provide the information under this item.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Since the beginning of the six month period ended June 30, 2024, we have not sold any equity securities that were not registered under the Securities Act of 1933 that were not previously reported in a current report on Form 8-K.

Item 3. Default under Senior Securities

Not applicable.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits.

EXHIBIT INDEX

Pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC, we have filed certain agreements as exhibits to this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. These agreements may contain representations and warranties by the parties. These representations and warranties have been made solely for the benefit of the other party or parties to such agreements and (i) may have been qualified by disclosures made to such other party or parties, (ii) were made only as of the date of such agreements or such other date(s) as may be specified in such agreements and are subject to more recent developments, which may not be fully reflected in our public disclosure, (iii) may reflect the allocation of risk among the parties to such agreements and (iv) may apply materiality standards different from what may be viewed as material to investors. Accordingly, these representations and warranties may not describe our actual state of affairs at the date hereof and should not be relied upon.

Exhibit # 3.1	Exhibit Description Certificate of Incorporation, as amended October 6, 2023 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Company's 10-Q filed with the SEC on October 10, 2024)
3.3	Amended and Restated By-laws (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.3 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-213166) filed with the SEC on August 16, 2016)
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*
32.1	Section 1350 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer*
32.2	Section 1350 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer*
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document.
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101).

Filed herewith

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

SCWORX CORP.

Date: October 11, 2024 By: /s/ Timothy A. Hannibal

Timothy A. Hannibal

President and Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

SCWORX CORP.

Date: October 11, 2024 By: /s/ Christopher J. Kohler

Christopher J. Kohler Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

CERTIFICATION

I, Timothy A. Hannibal, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of SCWorx Corp.;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods present in this report;
- 4. I am responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material
 information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in
 which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financing reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: October 11, 2024 By: /s/Timothy A. Hannibal

Timothy A. Hannibal President and Chief Operating Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION

I, Christopher J. Kohler, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of SCWorx Corp.;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods present in this report;
- 4. I am responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material
 information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in
 which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financing reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: October 11, 2024 By: /s/ Christopher J. Kohler

Christopher J. Kohler Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

Section 1350 CERTIFICATION

In connection with this Quarterly Report of SCWorx Corp. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2024, as filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Timothy A. Hannibal, President and Chief Operating Officer of the Company, certify pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report, fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: October 11, 2024

By: /s/ Timothy A. Hannibal

Timothy A. Hannibal
President and Chief Operating Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)
Timothy A. Hannibal

Section 1350 CERTIFICATION

In connection with this Quarterly Report of SCWorx Corp. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2024, as filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Christopher J. Kohler, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report, fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: October 11, 2024

By: /s/ Christopher J. Kohler
Christopher J. Kohler
Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer)